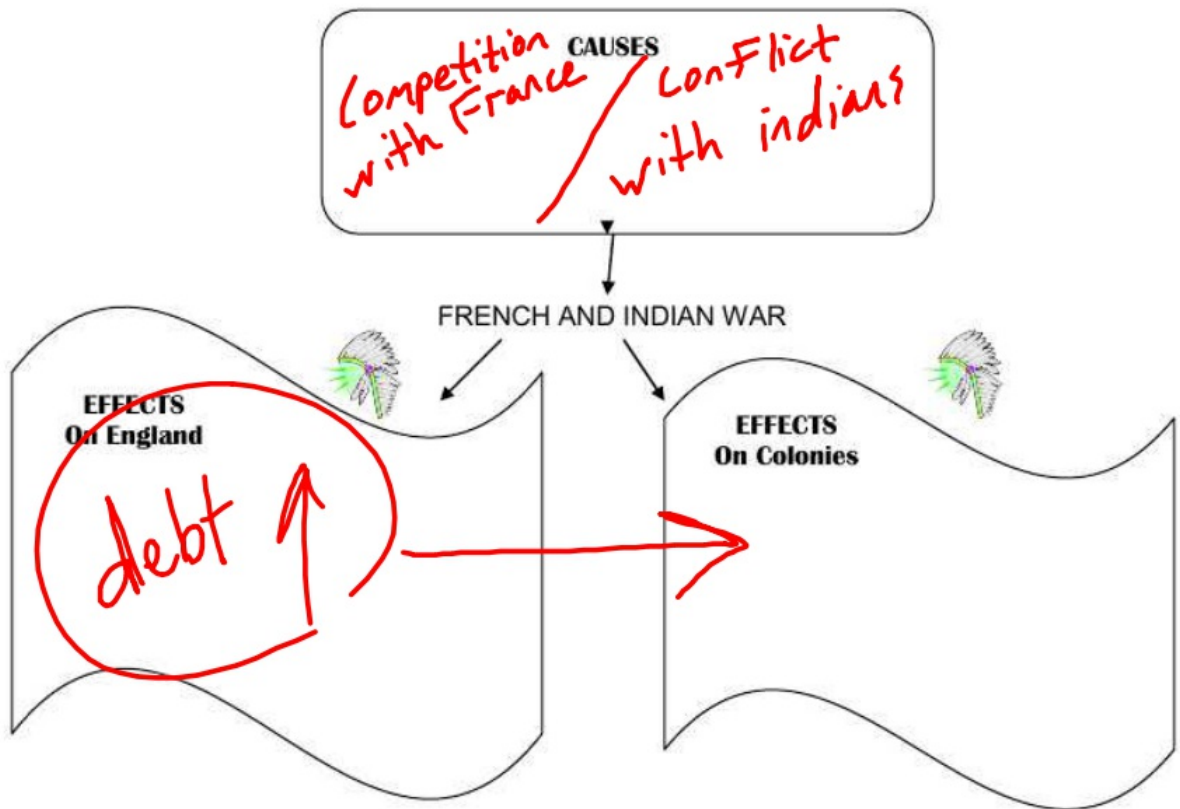
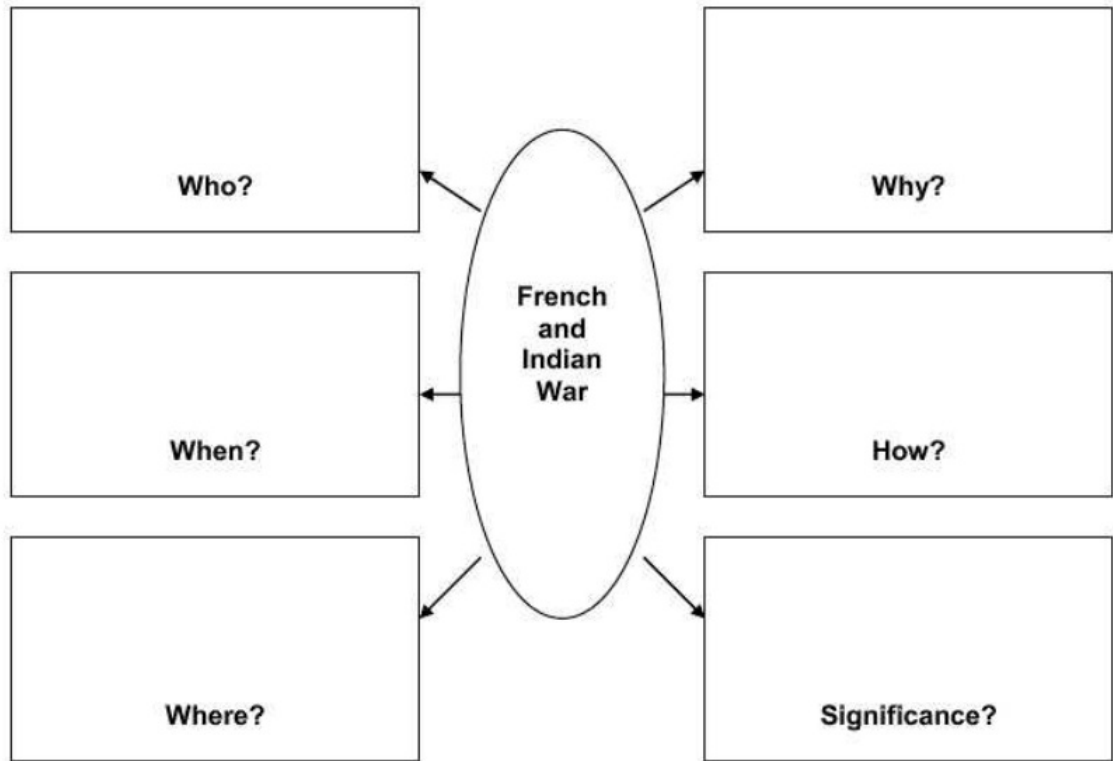


# FRENCH AND INDIAN WAR



The Road to Revolution  
 “NO TAXATION WITHOUT REPRESENTATION” DRC

Understanding Colonial Unrest

Unt EQ: Were the colonist “justified” in breaking away and waging war against England?

EQ: How did the King’s actions limit the freedoms of the colonists, and how did the colonists react?

With the French and Indian over, and salutary neglect coming to an end, King George III and the dominant political party in Parliament (the Whigs) pursued a colonial policy aimed at solving Britain’s domestic financial problems. Making the American colonies bear more of the cost of maintaining the British empire was a popular policy with the various factions of Whigs that vied for the king’s favor. With legislation coming almost daily in the colonies, they turn their attention to the idea of a true self-governing, democratic society.

EVENT	WHAT HAPPENED? (IC)	UNREST RATING	RATIONALE FOR RATING								
1. Proclamation Act of 1763	To prevent another war with the indians, England made a law against colonists settling on indian land west of the App. Mountains.										
2. Quartering Act : 1765	Law forcing colonists to house British soldiers in their homes.										
3. Stamp Act: 1765	<p>Placed a tax on :  <b>Paper goods, stamps, receipts. etc.</b></p> <table border="1" data-bbox="395 1361 975 1733"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">How did the Colonist React to this Act?</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Sons and Daughters of Liberty</td> <td>Radical group acting against taxation</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Boycotting of Goods</td> <td>Colonists refused to by British goods</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stamp Act Congress</td> <td>1st unified meeting of colonists</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	How did the Colonist React to this Act?		Sons and Daughters of Liberty	Radical group acting against taxation	Boycotting of Goods	Colonists refused to by British goods	Stamp Act Congress	1st unified meeting of colonists		
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Sons and Daughters of Liberty	Radical group acting against taxation										
Boycotting of Goods	Colonists refused to by British goods										
Stamp Act Congress	1st unified meeting of colonists										
4. Townshend Act: 1767	A series of taxes on most goods shipped from England to the colonies. This impacted colonists' everyday lives.										

EVENT	WHAT HAPPENED? (IC)	UNREST RATING	RATIONALE FOR RATING
5. Boston Massacre: 1770	<p><b>Soldiers in Boston fired on a angry mob of colonists, killing several.</b></p> <p><b>Revolutionary leaders used this event to unite colonists against England.</b></p>		
6. Boston Tea Party: 1773	<p>What Role did the Tea Act Play in this event?</p> <p><b>England repealed all taxes except the one on tea. In response to this, colonists (disguised as indians) boarded a ship and threw the tea into Boston harbor.</b></p>		
7. Intolerable Act: 1774	<p><b>A series of laws meant to punish Boston:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-More taxes</li> <li>-More soldiers stationed in the city</li> <li>-Shut down the city's government</li> <li>-Closed the city's harbor</li> </ul> <p><b>*Response = Committees of Correspondence</b></p>		
8. 1 <sup>st</sup> Continental Congress: 1774	<p><b>1st formal meeting of colonies to make a plan to get their rights recognized by England:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-Boycott all English goods</li> <li>-Make preparations in case war begins</li> </ul> <p><b>*An attack on 1 colony = an attack on all colonies</b></p>		
9. Lexington and Concord: 1774	<p><b>British troops advance on colonists' weapons stash in Concord. American malitiamen fight them at Lexington.</b></p> <p><b>-1st armed conflict between the English and the Americans</b></p>		

Explain 3

1 = most trouble  
 9 = least trouble  
 top  
 ↓  
 bottom 3

Event / Law	Cause of Colonists' Anger
Quartering Act	quartering = against Eng. Const.
Stamp Act	tax w/o vote = illegal
Townshend Acts	

